

Podcast 17 – Schools in Australia

Learn English while learning about daily life in Australia, with Rob McCormack

Podcast Number 17 – Schools in Australia

Hi,

As a parent, I know how important schools are in giving your children a good start in life. Schools have also been important for me personally. My first job after university was as a school teacher. I was a teacher for 12 years in schools in Western Australia before I decided to become a trainer and later a project manager. But that's another story.

Schools systems in Australia are controlled by each state or territory government. I live in the State of Victoria so the schools here are controlled by the Victorian State Government. There are 5 other states and two territories in Australia and each of them has some differences in their school systems. I will talk about the government school system in Victoria in this podcast. However, the school systems in the other states and territories are very similar. As well as government schools, there are also many private schools. They mostly follow the same type of program, but with some differences. Private schools charge fees. Government schools, by contrast, are free. I will provide a summary in my podcast, but if you want more detailed information, you should visit <http://www.liveinvictoria.vic.gov.au>

There are 3 levels in Victoria's school system, as there are in each state and territory in Australia. The first level is Kindergarten. This is for children aged 3 to 5 years. The second level is Primary School. This is for children aged 5 to

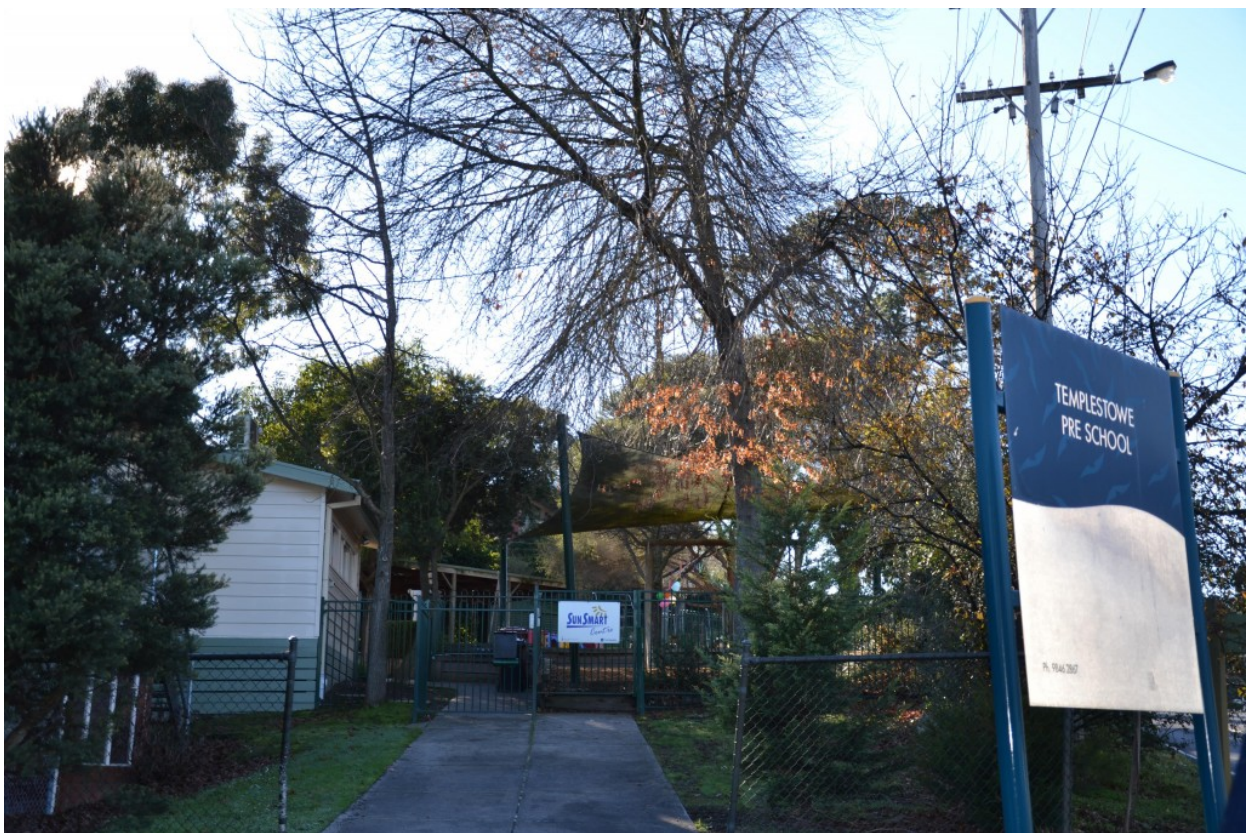
12 years. The third level is Secondary School. This is for children aged 12 to 17 years. I will talk about each of these 3 levels in this podcast. There is, of course, a fourth level after this which I will cover in another podcast. The fourth level is the Tertiary Level. This level includes universities and technical colleges.

Our first level of schooling is Kindergarten. It's interesting that this is named using the German word. Often, this name is shortened to Kinder in every day speaking. Kindergarten is also called Preschool.



When I was a child in school (about 50 years ago), there was no Kindergarten or Preschool level. However, these days it's important to start preparing for schooling early so that children can develop the social, mental and physical skills needed for Primary School. Whilst Kindergarten is not compulsory in Victoria, nearly all children in Victoria do attend. It's usually a 1 year program and children normally start when they are 4 years of age. Some children may need an extra year of Kindergarten, if their kindergarten teacher

feels they need more time to develop the skills needed for Primary School. Of course, this decision is always made together with the child's parents. Kindergarten is not a full time program, as the children are still very young at 4 years of age. Children usually attend kindergarten for 15 hours a week, in two or three sessions. My wife and I can still remember dropping our youngest child off at Kindergarten in the morning. At first he was sad to see us leave (and so were we), but soon he was happy to be with his friends, playing games and having fun.



The second level of schooling is Primary School and this is compulsory, which means all children must attend. Primary School starts with grade 'Prep' ('Prep' is short for preparatory year) and finishes at grade 6. That's a total of seven years in Primary School. When I was a teacher, I taught mostly in Primary Schools. I must say, I loved it. Children at this age enjoy school and really want to learn.



To attend a government primary school in Victoria, a child must be 5 years of age by the 30th of April in the year they start school. Those with a birthday after the 30th of April will start school the following year.

The primary school program covers English, health and physical education (which includes sport), other languages (such as German or Chinese), mathematics, science, society and the environment, technology (which includes using computers) and the arts. Children who have recently arrived in Australia may also have extra classes in English, to help them more quickly learn how to speak English. It's amazing how quickly young children can learn a language, especially when they speak it every day. I wish I could learn a language that quickly. The school year starts at the end of January each year and finishes in the middle of December.



Primary school hours are Monday to Friday, from 9.00am to 3.00pm. There are 4 terms during the year, leaving about 12 weeks for holidays. The long summer holiday in December and January lasts about 6 weeks. I can still remember my summer holidays when I was at school. We spent most of our time at the beach. Those were the days.

Government primary schools are free, although there are some minor costs for school uniforms and some books. Our two sons went to our local government primary school in our part of Melbourne and they received a wonderful education. The teachers were excellent and we were very happy with the school.

The third level of schooling is Secondary School, also called High School. Secondary School starts at Year 7 and finishes at Year 12. All children must attend secondary school, at least until they complete Year 10. They can leave at the end of year 10, but only if they have a full time job to go to. Otherwise, they must stay at school until they turn 17 years of age.



The secondary school program includes English, humanities, mathematics, science, other languages (such as French or Japanese) and the arts. For the last 2 years of secondary school, most students study the Victorian Certificate of Education (called the VCE). The VCE results are used to decide entry to the tertiary level (e.g. to universities). There are two other study programs as well, for those students who want more practical work-related experience and learning. Following this, students graduate from Secondary School.



That's about it for schooling in Victoria. I hope you have found it interesting. Government spending on education is a topic of great interest here in Australia, especially at election time. Education costs a lot, but I think it is a good investment for the nation.

If you have a question or a comment to make, please leave it by clicking the comments link at the top of this story. You can leave your comment in English or in any language and I will translate it. Or, you can send me an email at rob@slowenglish.info. I would love to hear from you. Tell me where you live, a little bit about yourself and what you think of my slowenglish podcast. Perhaps you can suggest a topic for a future podcast. Goodbye until next time.

Rob

PODCAST 17 QUIZ

Start

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True or False? - Rob's first job was as a school teacher for 12 years in Western Australia.

True

False

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True or False? - The schools in each state and territory of Australia are controlled by the Federal government.

True

False

Prev

Next

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True or False? - The second level of schooling in Victoria is primary school and is for children aged 5 to 12 years.

True

False

Prev

Next

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True or False? - Kindergarten is compulsory in Victoria and all children must attend.

True

False

Prev

Next

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True or False? - Children in kindergarten must move on to primary school after 1 year.

True

False

Prev

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True or False? - Primary school is where Rob mostly worked as a teacher and he enjoyed it.

True

False

Prev

Next

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True of False? - The primary school year in Australia starts in January and finishes in December.

True

False

Prev

Next

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True of False? - Primary school is free in Victoria, apart from some small minor costs.

True

False

Prev

Next

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True or False? - All children in Victoria must attend secondary school until they turn 17.

True

False

Prev

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True or False? - In Victoria, the students' results for the secondary school VCE are used to decide who can go to university.

True

False

Prev

See Result

Your score is

The average score is 70%

Vocabulary

Play attend = to be in a place or to go somewhere

Play compulsory = when something must be done

Play contrast = when something is different

Play controlled = when someone tells you how it should be done

- Play decided = when you have chosen something
- Play develop = to make
- Play differences = when things are not the same
- Play dropping off = to leave someone at a place
- Play education = describes all the levels of learning, including schools, colleges, universities, etc
- Play election = when the people decide who will be their politicians, by voting
- Play environment = the place where we live
- Play excellent = when something is very, very good
- Play experience = when you actually do something, rather than just learning about it
- Play government = the country is run by the government
- Play graduate = when you have finished school. You normally receive a certificate
- Play humanities = the study of human activities. For example, history
- Play important = when something is really needed
- Play investment = when you buy or pay for something which help you do things better in future
- Play mental = about thinking skills
- Play nation = your country. For example Australia, Japan, Germany, Thailand, etc
- Play parent = a father or a mother
- Play personally = about one person

- Play physical = about being able to do things with your body, for example sports
- Play practical = when something is done with your hands
- Play private schools = schools which are not owned by the government
- Play results = the outcome of what happened. For school students, this means the scores they get
- Play school uniforms = the clothes that a child wears to school. It has the same colours for everyone
- Play sessions = a period of time, usually no more than a few hours
- Play shortened = when something is made shorter
- Play similar = when things are the same
- Play social = being able to mix and work with other people
- Play society = all of the people in a country
- Play state = a part of Australia which has its own local government. There are 6 states in Australia
- Play technical colleges = like a university, but it teaches work-related subjects
- Play territory = a part of Australia which has its own local government, but is not yet a state. There are 2 territories in Australia
- Play the arts = includes music, painting, drama, etc
- Play Western Australia = a region of Australia which lies in the west
- Play work-related = when something is about a job